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Manufacturing and Repairing
BATTERIES FOR ALL PURPOSES.
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LEADING BRYAN MEN ISSUE STRONG STATEMENT

President Harrington Endorsed—Parents and Guardians Urged to Send Students Back to the College.

The following strong statement, issued by leading business men, educators and ministers of Bryan, whose names are attached thereto, was given to the press last night for publication, together with the following list of papers to which the statement was telegraphed—Galveston and Dallas News, Houston Post, San Antonio Express, Austin Statesman, Ft. Worth Record, Waco Times-Herald, El Paso Times, Beaumont Enterprise, Abilene Reporter, Tyler Courier, and Morning Papers at Texarkana and San Angelo:

To the Parents and Guardians of Students of the A. and M. College:

We earnestly urge that you return your boy to the A. and M. College at once to resume his studies. The complaints of students were carefully investigated by the Board of Directors appointed by Governor Campbell, representing every portion of the state, and they unanimously decided that there existed not the slightest ground for any dissatisfaction. We are firmly of the opinion that there exists no reason for the present conditions and that the administration of Dr. H. H. Harrington has been just and that the situation is one that is possible to arise in any school where the regulations are strictly enforced. We ask that you do not allow your son to start in life with the idea that he can revolt against recognized authorities without good cause. A large number of the boys are at College now and practically all of them interviewed singly expressed great regrets, but stated they were bound by class action. We are in a position to know the conditions existing at A. and M. College and can say that affairs are in the best of condition; the attendance larger; the equipment better and that there is more demand for graduates of this college today than ever before. (Signed.)

G. S. Parker, President City National Bank.

A. W. Wilkerson, Cashier City National Bank.

R. M. Gordon, Vice-President, Gordon-Sewall Grocery Co.

H. O. Boatwright, Vice-President, First National Bank.

J. W. Howell, President First National Bank.

W. E. Saunders, President Business League.

J. E. Butler, Mayor of Bryan.

Ed Hall, President of City School Board.

J. H. Allen of Allen Academy.

R. O. Allen, of Allen Academy.

H. W. South, of Allen Academy.

O. C. Charlton, President Texas Woman's College.

James D. West, Pastor Presbyterian Church.

Tyler Haswell, Senior Warden Episcopal Church.

James A. Challenner, Pastor First Christian Church.

Geo. B. Butler, Pastor First Baptist Church.

Rev. J. B. Gleissner, Pastor St. Joseph's Church.

J. B. Turrentine, Pastor of M. E. Church, South.

VETERAN OF THE KEY MAKES A RECORD RUN

Five Hundred and Fifty Messages Handled at Western Union Office in Four Hours.

Friday night the local Western Union office, for many years under the management of that veteran of the key, Mr. W. W. Harris, made a record run in handling 550 telegrams in four hours—from 7:45 to 11:45. Mr. Harris handled 455 of the messages himself and was warmly congratulated by the receiving operators for the clever manner in which the trick was done. They told him they didn't know he was here and that he ought to "come to town." He replied that he had been to "to town" twenty years ago, and he would like to have gotten hold of them then, but that he felt now that he was too old and stiff. But the swifts who had the hot end of the wire are ready to vote him a lightning slinger of the first magnitude. The remainder of the messages were handled by Mr. Stuart Harris, who has the second trick and Mr. Whit Doremus, and both of the boys are entitled to a liberal share of the honors. It is characteristic of Bryan to meet emergencies, and the splendid all day and night telegraph service here is a thing to be proud of.

MARKED IMPROVEMENT IN A. AND M. SITUATION.

Capt. Andrew Moses Gave Out Highly Encouraging Statement in Reply to Telephone Inquiry Last Night.

At 8:30 o'clock last night Capt. Andrew Moses, commandant of the corps of the cadets at the A. and M. College gave out a highly encouraging statement regarding the marked improvement in the situation at the A. and M. College. Capt. Moses said:

"A number of parents of students were on the grounds today, and all agree that the boys should remain in school and resume their duties. From letters received it is believed that the same view will be taken by nearly all the parents of boys who have gone home.

"It is confidently expected that a great many of the boys will return to College next week. Some parents have telegraphed or telephoned that their boys will be back Monday.

"There are now on the campus a little over one hundred students, embracing members of all classes, and they will remain. The cadets fall in with their companies and march to the mess hall as usual.

"I feel very hopeful that we will have a large battalion by the middle of the coming week. The boys at College are doing all in their power to induce their comrades to return to duty at the College."

STATEMENT FROM ALUMNI PRESIDENT.

Mr. F. M. Law of this City Makes Appeal in the Interest of the A. and M. College.

Mr. F. M. Law of this city, president of the State Alumni Association of the A. and M. College, who, with other prominent members of the Alumni, has been active in working among the students in the interest of the College, on yesterday gave the following statement to the press:

Bryan, Texas, Feb. 15, 1908
To the Alumni and Ex-students of the A. and M. College of Texas:

The President of the Alumni Association has kept in close touch with the situation at College, which situation has culminated in the withdrawal of about 80 per cent of the cadets.

After a careful investigation of the existing conditions and after conference with the cadets in their class meetings, the writer, acting with a delegation of alumni from the Houston A. and M. Club, advised the students to remain at College and resume their studies.

This advice was given wholly without regard to the merits of the controversy between the cadets and President Harrington, and solely because it seemed best for the Institution and for the students themselves.

About 100 of the cadets agreed to abide by the advice given and these are still on the grounds.

We believe that the welfare of the College should be considered over and above all other things. The school must be maintained and to this end each alumnus and ex-student of the College is urged to be active in using his influence to persuade such students as have left College to return at the earliest possible moment.

All students who return will be reinstated upon application and a verbal promise to abide by the rules and regulations of the College.

You will be proud to hear that throughout the trying course of this unfortunate situation, the entire corps of cadets has maintained splendid discipline. Not one act has been committed by any cadet inconsistent with the conduct of a gentleman.

Their action, in so far as keeping honor with themselves and with each other, has been admirable.

The welfare of the Institution and the best interests of the cadets themselves demand that they return to school.

The alumni have the power, as no others have at this time, to serve their alma mater by inducing them to return. The students can afford to trust the alumni and to yield their own judgment in this instance to that of their elder brothers.

F. M. Law,
President Alumni Association.

BAYLOR WON BOTH GAMES.

In the basket ball contest at the Allen Academy grounds yesterday afternoon the Baylor team won from the Academy boys by a score of 33 to 21. Last night at the Rink the score was 34 to 16 in favor of the visiting team. The games were good ones and much enjoyed.

DURING THE TROUBLESOME TIMES
THROUGH WHICH WE HAVE JUST PASSED

The City National Bank

Exercised the utmost leniency with its borrowers, doing its full share in the restoration of normal banking conditions, and has the consciousness of a duty well performed, yet it is a matter of extreme congratulation that without unduly inconveniencing a single customer this bank has been able to reduce its loan account to that condition which will allow us to extend our usual accommodations to our patrons. This fact will at once commend itself to you as a guarantee of our conservatism, and of the excellent character of the borrowers to whom the loanable funds of this bank are from time to time loaned.

Your Account is Solicited

G. S. Parker, President E. H. Astin, Vice-President
A. W. Wilkerson, Cashier E. W. Crenshaw, Asst. Cash'r
J. W. English, J. N. Cole, J. K. Parker.

NEW PLANING MILL

We have installed a Planing Mill at our Lumber Yard and invite your Patronage—Finished Lumber, Moulding, etc.

We quote you Inviting Prices as follows.

All common or rough dressed lumber, ceiling, and beveled siding, at
per thousand..... **\$20.00**

Flooring and novelty siding,
per thousand..... **25.00**

Door, windows, blinds, etc., at proportionately low prices.

We want your lumber trade, and solicit your cotton ginning
... PHONE ...

S. H. DUNLAP & CO

WE HAVE RECEIVED
SINCE JANUARY 1, 1908:

One car White Crest Flour.

One car Club House Canned Goods.

And a large shipment of Dwinell Wright's Coffees.

These three represent the best that the market affords.

Give us your business for February

And we will show our appreciation with fresh goods and prompt and courteous treatment.

JNO. M. LAWRENCE & CO.
PHONES 54 & 78

BETTER LOOK OUT

GOOD THINGS DON'T LAST ALWAYS

OUR 30 PER CENT REDUCTION SALE

IS STILL THE CENTER OF ATTRACTION FOR VALUE SEEKING BUYERS

WE CAN PLEASE YOU TOO

WAGNER & BRANDON

The Daily Eagle

Entered at the Postoffice in Bryan, Texas, as second class matter.

BY CARNES & WALLACE

BRYAN, TEXAS, FEBRUARY 16, 1908

SOCIAL AND CLUB MATTERS.

One of the most beautiful affairs of the season was the afternoon card party given by Mrs. George W. Smith Jr. on Thursday afternoon when she entertained the Entre Nous club. This was a Valentine party. The three rooms used for entertaining were beautifully and tastefully decorated in hearts which were strung from the electroliers to the corners of the rooms. The pretty arch ways were not forgotten, and were especially pretty with the arrangement of hearts just before the dainty score cards were passed the guests heard a knock at the door. Mrs. J. A. McQueen opened the door and found it to be the postman. On looking over the bundle of letters every one present received a valentine. Seven games of five hundred were played. Miss Jessie Garth received the souvenir, a pretty valentine, it being presented by Mrs. John T. Hanway. Mrs. R. M. Gordon received the consolation, a blacking brush, the presentation speech being made by Mrs. John B. Hines. Chocolate mints were placed on the tables during this enjoyable game. A salad course was served from a large cut glass bowl, from the center of the pretty dining table laid with lace center piece and doilies. Mrs. McQueen served the egg-nog and cake. The club will be entertained by Mrs. G. S. Parker at the next meeting.

Mr. Robt. S. Webb Jr. has been receiving the congratulations of friends the past few days on attaining his 21st birthday which was signaled on Wednesday evening at a dinner by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. S. Webb. Around the festal board were seated Messrs. R. S. Webb Jr., W. P. Bryan, J. W. Williams Jr., Wilson Bradley, Ed Martin, Henry Locke, Seth DeMarst, J. W. Payne, Jack Gordon, Stuart Boatwright, Jim James, John Sharp, Williams Jr., Meredith James and Frank Webb.

Elaborate floral decorations en-

hanced the loveliness of the entire reception suite. The dining room was radiant with light and beauty. In the richly laid table a fern wreath encircled mirror upheld a vase of pink carnations and ferns wreath encircled mirror up held a vase of pink carnations and ferns which found their counterpart on buffet and sideboard. Flame jets from pink candles studding the candelabra mingled with the shaded glow from the electroliers. Lapel favors of maiden hair ferns and violets were attached to the place cards.

Menu.

Consomme
Olives Celery Almonds
Oyster Cocktail Crackers
Red Snapper Saratogo Chips
French Peas Bread
Frozen Punch
Sliced Turkey Cranberry Sauce
Asparagus on Toast Plum Jelly
Tomatoes en Mayonnaise Beat-
en Biscuits Chicken Salad
Lettuce Sandwiches Butter Thins
Chocolate
Neapolitan Cream Angel Cake
Cafe Noir Cheese Straws
Cigars

That nothing might be lacking to fill the cup of pleasure to the brim, on returning to the library the young men were surprised to find low tuned lights and graceful, white clad figures grouped upon the floor. At the approach of the boys they vanished from the room and tripped lightly up the stairs. Not to be outdone, the boys withdrew to the back hall and the fair visitants met with a surprise of their own to find themselves alone on returning to the library. They were not left long to their own diversions, however, for the gallants soon appeared bearing trays of refreshments, whereupon ensued the merriest and most pleasant hour of the evening. The party of young ladies included Misses Alberta Adams, Malcolm McInnis, Gussie Buchanan, Beattie Seale, Maggie McDougald, Gertrude Eaves, Lucile DeMaret, Irene Board, Annie Bess Harris, Pauline Webb, Hattie Lou Hudson.

The Embroidery Club held its weekly meeting with Miss Loula Coulter on Tuesday afternoon. On tables and mantles were bowls of violets and ferns. Many new ideas were exchanged by the ladies in regard to embroidery. Every one present brought sewing

and much was accomplished. Charlotte Russe and heart shaped cakes were served. The members of this club were pleased to meet Mrs. Pryor again at this meeting. The club meets next week with Mrs. Frank Clarke.

One of the successes of the past week was the entertainment given at the hospitable home of Mrs. F. I. Garth Wednesday afternoon when her daughters, Misses Jessie and Cora Garth, entertained the Bachelor Girls Club. Pretty score cards were passed and the interesting game of five hundred was played and much enjoyed by all present. In a cut for the prize Mrs. Fred Pryor received a cut glass violet dish filled with violets. Frozen pudding and white cake were the refreshments served. The next meeting of the club will be with Mrs. S. C. Williams at the home of Mrs. H. A. Burger.

The Epworth League held a pleasant business and social meeting with Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Turrentine on Friday evening. President C. M. Bethany was present and presided during the business session. Several new members were received, and the attendance on the meeting was good. The League shows a steady growth and increasing interest. The pretty rooms were brilliant with red hearts in token of the Valentine season, and vased flowers added a further charm. In a contest of sketching valentines Prof. Bethany was most successful and received a pretty scarf pin. Miss Long was consoled with a bunch of violets. In an archery contest, the target being a large red heart, Miss Kate Lawrence was successful and received the pretty bow and arrow. A dainty salad course was served.

Mrs. Jno. M. Lawrence entertained the Week-End Club Friday afternoon with about thirty ladies present at her beautiful new home, opened for the first time to a regular meeting of the club. It was a rare pleasure to the ladies to find themselves in this charming environment, only excelled by the pleasure given by her gracious courtesy and charming entertainment. Valentine score cards were provided for the games or forty-two and the sentiment found further suggestion by the introduction of the heart shape in the refreshment course, which was especially tempting, and included chicken salad, olives, salted almonds, crackers, creamed oysters, hot chocolate. The next meeting of the club will be with Mrs. Robt. S. Webb.

At high noon yesterday Mrs. Geo. M. Brandon gave a charming "Conundrum Luncheon," the significance of the game being in the fact that in lieu of the usual menu, the hostess used suggestive phrases from which the ladies were required to guess each course before it was served and write the guess on their cards. Mrs. Brandon named as guests of honor Mrs. H. H. Harrington of College and Mrs. Laurence Buell of Springfield, Mass. In addition were present Mesdames Clarke, T. K. Lawrence, Moor- ing, G. S. Parker, H. G. Rhodes, Jno. E. Astin, Hanway, Haswell, E. J. Fountain, M. W. Sims. Six courses were served and covers were laid for

twelve. Red and white decorations of tulle and carnations were effectively used. Crystal candle holders with white tapers at each place and bright with dainty ribbon bows, were connected with a narrow red ribbon running entirely around the table. Four broad bands of the same color extended from the electrolier to the four corners, caught with bows holding valentines. The center piece, a cut glass vase of carnations and ferns, with a large bow of red tulle, and carnations and fern sprays in graceful arrangement on the damask, completed the artistic conception. The delightful collation was in keeping with the ensemble of lovely arrangements. At the conclusion of the luncheon toasts were drunk to the guests of honor, the hostess and the absent son. The mysterious cards at each place bore the following:

"A good digestion to you all,
And once more
I shower a blessing on you—
Welcome all."

Don't get in it.
A slick thing.
Take a squeeze
A Georgia Countryman.

Treasures of the barnyard on Emerald beds.
Better it in you than you in it.
An apple in France, a vegetable in America, and the staff of life in Ireland.
Fowling pieces mysteriously combined
A Scriptural Mount.
Boston's overthrow
Crisp Narcotic.
A girl's name with foreign attachment
Our final diet.
Chips from the old block.

FOSTER'S WEATHER BULLETIN.

Copyrighted 1908, by W. T. Foster. Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross continent 14 to 18, warm wave 13 to 17, cool wave 16 to 20. Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast about 20, cross Pacific slope by close of 21, great central valleys 22 to 24, eastern states 25. Warm wave will cross Pacific slope about 20, great central valleys 22, eastern states 24. Cool wave will cross Pacific slope about 23, great central valleys 25, Eastern States 27.

This will be a general storm averaging much colder than usual. The warmer wave will bring only moderate temperatures while the cold waves preceding and following the storm center will cause unusually cold weather. This disturbance will cause more than the average precipitation of the month, much of which, in northern states, will be snow.

The force of this disturbance will not be so great as in the disturbances about first of Feb., but radical weather may be expected during balance of the month.

About and immediately following Feb. 15 a high temperature wave will be midway of the continent and moving eastward. A severe cold wave will follow that warm wave, the storms will be severe with rains followed in northern sections by snows.

A great warm wave is expected about first of March. General forecasts of March weather will be given in next bulletin.

Stanis Bukowski called on the Eagle while in the city yesterday.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BRYAN

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

State of Texas, County of Brazos. To those indebted to or holding claims against the Estate of Lee Stephenson, Deceased.

The undersigned having been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Lee Stephenson, deceased, late of Brazos County, Texas, by A. G. Board, Judge of the County Court of said County, on the 23rd day of January, 1908, during a regular term thereof, hereby notifies all persons indebted

to said estate to come forward and make settlement, and those having claims against said estate to present them to him at his residence at Navasota, Grimes County, Texas, where he receives his mail. This Feb. 4th, A. P. 1908. A. P. TERRILL, Administrator of the estate of Lee Stephenson, deceased.

House for rent. Apply to Mrs. C. M. Proctor.

KEEP IN MIND

That we please our patrons.

No trouble to show our goods and tell you about them.

Quality and service unsurpassed in pharmacy work.

FULL LINE OF BOOKS, STATIONERY and PERIODICALS.

.. PHONE 196 ..

CAVITT'S DRUG STORE

CONCRETE WORK

I am prepared to do all Brick work, Sidewalk and Concrete work at moderate prices.

SEE ME BEFORE LETTING CONTRACTS

.. ALL WORK GUARANTEED ..

JOHN WINTER

Cucumber Cream For Chapping.

Cucumber Cream cures chapped skin—that is the only thing it will do, but it does it well. When your skin roughs up, peels, scales, gets dry and harsh, CUCUMBER CREAM will soften it; makes it clear and smooth, and keeps it moist and fresh, so that the roughness will not recur. No grease or stickiness.

25c per Bottle

ALL THE OTHER KINDS, TOO.

Emmel & Maloney

DRUGGISTS.

Phone 66

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Purely Disinterested, Secular and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs.

New Religious Movement Brings Men to the Fore

Philadelphia. — Within the past nine months there has arisen a new movement in the Protestant churches of the United States and Canada which is bound to arrest the world's attention by its significance. This is the organization of men by men, for the purpose of putting the missionary enterprise on a basis commensurate with its importance; for this foreign missionary business represents an annual expenditure of \$21,000,000, which is equivalent to six per cent. on a capital of \$350,000,000. The magnitude of this long despised missionary enterprise seems to have at last penetrated the understanding of the men who are responsible for it.

The new organization is not engineered by the preachers or by board secretaries, or by young and visionary enthusiasts. It had its origin with successful business men, and it has swung along to its conspicuous success, independent of ecclesiastical promotion. The officials of the denominations are interested and approve, but they are not in the saddle; and they are not by any means certain of the lengths to which the movement will go. A complete revolution in missionary finances is assured, and doubtless also, many changes in methods. For the first time during the whole Christian era, there seems to be a reasonable prospect that the entire "heathen" world will be made acquainted with the Christian teaching, within a generation.

Millionaires and Missions.

Before showing how these plans are to be accomplished, the identity of the men behind the movement should be made known. The idea of the laymen's missionary movement took form in connection with the Haystack Centennial celebration in New York last November. That meeting, which was really the anniversary of the American board of foreign missions was marked by a prayer meeting, quite in contrast with the little gathering of impecunious college students under a haystack 100 years before. For this gathering comprised 50 business men, of whom a score were millionaires.

At this meeting, announcement was made that the laymen were resolved to take hold, systematically, and energetically of this missionary business. They made three definite propositions, which are the basis of the present movement, to the secretaries of the missionary boards of all the denominations in the United States and Canada. These propositions were as follows:

1. To project a campaign to secure intelligent and generous interest in missions among laymen to be conducted by groups of laymen under the direction of the various boards.
2. To devise a comprehensive plan (in conjunction with said board secretaries) looking towards the evangelization of the world in this generation.
3. To endeavor to form, through the various boards, a centennial commission of laymen, 50 or more in number, to visit as early as possible the mission fields and report their findings to the church at home.

With respect to the last proposition, by a curious coincidence, I had myself undertaken, six months previously, such an investigation, of which the articles in these columns have been the outcome. Already a large number of business men have gone to the foreign field, and some are now there.

The men who constitute the central organization of this laymen's missionary movement are the following, some of whom will be recognized as national figures:

Samuel B. Capen, Boston; Harry Wade Hicks, Boston; Edward H. Haskell, Boston; W. N. Hartshorn, Boston; William Shaw, Boston; John L. Bates, Boston; H. P. Andersen, New York; Seymour M. Ballard, New York; S. W. Bowne, New York; William L. Brower, New York; J. Cleveland Cady, New York; John S. Huyler, New York; Cleveland H. Dodge, New York; J. Edgar Leaycraft, New York; David McConaughy, New York; Alfred E. Marling, New York; C. C. Michener, New York; John R. Mott, New York; William D. Murray, New York; Eben E. Olcott, New York; William J. Schleffelin, New York; Robert E. Speer, New York; James M. Speers, New York; F. P. Turner, New York; Dr. Lucien C. Warner, New York; Mornay Williams, New York; John W. Wood, New York; Admiral A. T. Mahan, New York; Silas McBee, New York; William Dulles, New York; James G. Cannon, New York; E. M. Bulkley, New York; Luther D. Wishard, New York; Robert C. Ogden, New York; J. Campbell White, New York; Chester A. Holcombe, Rochester; D. W. McWilliams, Brooklyn; Dr. W. W. Keen, Philadelphia; John Wanamaker, Philadelphia; John H. Converse, Philadelphia; William C. Stoeber, Philadelphia; C. G. Trumbull, Philadelphia; E. B. Sturges, Scranton; Maj. A. P. Burchfield, Pittsburgh; William Albert Harbison, Pittsburgh; Joshua Levering, Balti-

more; Dr. Howard A. Kelly, Baltimore; John W. Foster, Washington; Henry B. F. Macfarland, Washington; John B. Slemmon, Jr., Washington; S. W. Woodward, Washington; George W. F. Swartzell, Washington; Andrew Stevenson, Chicago; E. H. Pitkin, Chicago; Hanford Crawford, St. Louis; A. W. Benedict, St. Louis; L. H. Severance, Cleveland; President John Willis Baer, Los Angeles; E. A. K. Hackett, Fort Wayne; Gen. Charles Bird, Wilmington, Del.; Charles A. Rowland, Athens, Ga.; W. J. Northern, Atlanta; Dr. Marion McHenry Hull, Atlanta; E. P. Peabody, Waycross, Ga.; Robert H. Gardner, Gardner, Me.; David Percy Jones, Minneapolis; E. J. B. Pense, Kingston, Ont.; N. W. Hoyle, Toronto; H. H. Fudger, Toronto; S. J. Moore, Toronto; J. N. Shenhstone, Toronto; John Mackay, Toronto; C. McD. Hay, Toronto; George R. Crowe, Winnipeg; N. W. Rowells, Toronto; W. M. Birks, Montreal; A. O. Dawson, Montreal; Henry H. Bridgman, Norfolk, Conn.; Ezra H. Stevens, Hartford, Conn.; E. P. Metcalf, Providence; George C. Whitely, Worcester, Mass.; John Melgus, Ph. D., Pottstown, Pa.; E. K. Warren, Three Oaks, Mich.

A Sign of the Times.

The men who keep posted upon the trend of current events in all spheres have noticed that of late years the emphasis in religious affairs has been laid upon the masculine element. Succeeding the powerful young people's movement, as represented by Christian Endeavor and kindred organizations, came the brotherhood idea, as most prominently expressed in the Protestant Episcopal church. It is a common sight "down town" to see business men of the best sort wearing a modest little button bearing a St. Andrew's cross. These are members of the Protestant Episcopal Brotherhood of St. Andrew, a men's society which has wrought notable results in identifying first-class business men with active religious work. Nobody could ever accuse this St. Andrew's Brotherhood crowd with being weaklings or sentimentalists.

Older, but less aggressive, although widely pervasive is the Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip, which began in the Reformed church in the United States and quickly spread to other denominations. Last year the Presbyterian church, which has a conspicuous array of public men in her membership, held a great men's convention in Indianapolis, and formally launched the Presbyterian Brotherhood, William J. Bryan being one of the promoters and speakers. The Southern Presbyterian church followed suit, and it is to hold its first laymen's convention this fall. The Methodists are now pushing the brotherhood idea; and, altogether, it is manifest that the most marked present-day development of Christianity is among the laymen.

The visible connecting link between these denominational men's organizations and the present laymen's missionary movement is to be found in the United Presbyterian church. This body, more than a year ago, held a business men's convention in Pittsburgh, which attracted attention in church circles everywhere, because of its enthusiasm for missions, and for its determination to put the church's missionary work on a business basis. The prime figure in this meeting was J. Campbell White, a brilliant young layman who has spent ten years in Calcutta, where he had established the Young Men's Christian Association. Mr. White has been made the general secretary of the laymen's missionary movement.

Going After Heathen Businesswise. Every reader of the funny papers, as well as every one familiar with church life, knows that the backbone of the missionary work of the past century has been the women and the children. But it is the men who have the money. Only the man with the pocketbook could be equal to the big spending which an adequate prosecution of the missionary enterprise entails. The present outgo of \$21,000,000 a year, enormous as it is, comprises only a fraction of the expenditure which is necessary, if the job is to be done thoroughly.

So, naturally, as soon as the laymen really took hold, they began to do some figuring. To put the work which has heretofore been largely sustained by impulse and sentiment, on a business basis, they first divided up the "heathen" population of the world among the Christian countries and churches. Here is the interesting way they go about it.

There are approximately 1,000,000,000 "heathen" in the world. On the basis of one missionary to every 25,000 of these, the present force of 13,000 missionaries accounts for 325,000,000 of heathen. Or this same result may be reached by allowing two dollars a head as the cost of evangelizing each "heathen," for so the thing has been figured out by these men who want a working basis for their undertaking. It becomes a mere matter of subtraction to show

that 675,000,000 of people are at present unprovided for by the present missionary arrangement. Therefore, the laymen say that the missionary bodies should have \$80,000,000 a year and 27,000 more missionaries, for 25 years, in order really to do the job. This sort of figuring would probably have made William Carey or Robert Morrison, pioneer missionaries, gasp with astonishment, but it is the modern way.

All this is not the speculative figuring of dreamers. The laymen are after results; so they put the proposition up to every denomination by showing just how many heathen each church is responsible for and the amount of money it will have to give. And this plan of confronting a denomination definitely with its share of the gigantic scheme of world-wide evangelization has been received seriously by the various bodies. The United Presbyterians were first to accept the challenge, and they are asking of every member an average gift of eight dollars a year for their missionary work. The Presbyterians followed, a great men's missionary convention having been held in Omaha in February, and the idea later approved by the general assembly. The Southern Presbyterians did likewise. The Canadian Presbyterians and Southern Baptists have also joined in the movement. The Congregationalists and Northern Baptists will take up the subject early in the fall. The Episcopalians have not yet had opportunity officially to adopt a basis, but its laymen are in the forefront of the new movement.

Stirring a Continent.

So remarkable has been the response, up to date, on the part of business men of Protestantism, where this proposition has been definitely put up to them, that the leaders are sanguine of enlisting the entire body of the laity of the churches of the United States and Canada. To this end, a series of laymen's dinners, covering the big cities of the continent are projected for this winter, on the line of those successfully held last winter in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Boston, Toronto, Washington and elsewhere. These are not conventional missionary meetings, but gatherings of the strongest Christian business men in each place, managed and addressed by laymen. The business men who are behind the movement plan a systematic propaganda that shall reach every man in anywise connected with the churches, even to the remotest cross-roads congregation.

Already the movement is formidable; the most important news of the year in religious circles. Its consequences will doubtless be far-reaching. Men of foresight are already predicting certain unplanned results. One of these, they say, will be the elimination of all independent missionary work on the foreign field. The latter is a serious drain on the resources of Christendom, and, say the laymen, who have already returned from their tour of investigation, they do not come up to the representations made by their eloquent representatives in this country. The laymen's movement stands squarely behind the denominational boards. Nevertheless, it is predicted, the laymen will hold the boards strictly to account, that their missions be manned only by competent workers and that they be conducted on the broadest, most effective and most economical lines.

Great Britain in Line.

A deputation from the laymen's missionary movement has just returned from the other side of the water, where it went to introduce the project to the laity of the British churches. The report brought back is remarkable. The deputation was welcomed and feted everywhere by archbishops, church leaders and business men. They ate enough complimentary dinners to give them all dyspepsia. The serious outcome of their labors was the definite organization, with unexpected enthusiasm, of the laymen's missionary movement in England and Scotland.

The most striking feature of Great Britain's acceptance of the project is the fact that the high church party of the Church of England has entered into alliance with other religious bodies in this undertaking. This is unprecedented. The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, the famous High Church Missionary organization, has indorsed the new movement, and its representatives are working side by side with men from the nonconformist bodies. Great Britain, with less than half the population of the United States and Canada, already gives \$8,973,000 a year to foreign missions, a little less than is given by the North American continent. The balance needed to make up the world's total \$3,327,000 being given by all other countries. It is expected that the gifts of Great Britain will be stimulated in proportion to those on this side. In any case, even Wall street will have to take notice of the flow of money into foreign mission channels.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Women More Honest Than Men

Statistics compiled by American guarantee companies show that, as regards honesty, women are superior to men. Women in America are employed in business as extensively as men, and yet the record shows that almost every embezzler and defaulter was a man. There are more women cashiers than men. The universal stores and shops of almost every kind employ women to handle their receipts and to give change; yet there were a hundred cases of men cashiers stealing to one case where a woman cashier took her employer's money.

Smart and Practical



The young woman (and the woman who looks young) has an unlimited field of choice. A world of millinery is spread out before her admiring gaze; sure to look well with her youthful contour and the fresh complexion of girlhood. The always popular felt is shown in Fig. 1 with a trimming of velvet and roses, and a big fancy feather, buoyantly springing out at the left side. In Fig. 2, a pretty silk hat is shown with a big bow of ribbon which is a great favorite at present, and is seen in all the range of colors. These are examples of smart and practical styles. Each girl will find a hat suited to her own particular face, and individual style, and needs only to exercise her own good judgment in making her selection.

SEPARATE COATS IN LIGHT MATERIALS ARE NOW IN ORDER.

Separate coats, less warm and heavy than those of the winter season but made upon similar lines, are appearing with the southern models, and among the prettiest of these are loose three-quarter or seven-eighth coats of heavy crepe de chine handsomely embroidered or lace trimmed.

One perfectly severe coat and skirt of white serge has a plaited skirt and a smother coat whose lapels are faced smoothly with heavy white silk. A folded waistcoat, crossing in surplice fashion and held by two big silk-covered buttons, is of the silk, and the blouse belonging to the costume is of finest batiste, hand embroidered, Valenciennes frilled, and, with utter disregard to the usual laws concerning lingerie blouses, trimmed in bands and buttons of the white silk.

The lingerie dress is a decorative part of the gown collection of the woman who, tiring of bleak winter, goes to meet the spring in company with many members of the smart set. Rumor has it that the fascinating little princess dress with square, V or round neck and guileless of sleeves, will prove a strong rival of the dainty frock of white, blue or pink batiste elaborately trimmed with Valenciennes, cluny or mechin lace combined with real or good machine embroidery. In all probability both fashions will have a goodly degree of success.

Gold Muff Chains.

Muff chains are no longer worn around the neck, as they were in former times. Instead, they are slung from one wrist.

All the muffs sold this year have a silk cord loop in one end, of such length that it slips over the arm and yet allows the hand to be deeply buried in the muff. This does for the woman who is not luxurious. She who wears on her wrist a chain of gold links, sometimes jeweled, sometimes firmly attached to the muff by a small ring and sewn inside of the latter, or again finished with a patent clasp which can be attached to the hand-warmer at a moment's notice.

When opening her purse or otherwise using her hands the muff hangs on this cord or golden support, which is of a length sufficient to allow the free use of the hands.

Gleanings

"People talk about the fickleness of fashion, but, as a matter of fact, there is nothing more distressingly constant," says a dressmaker. "How long have we worn blouses? How many years did boleros reign? What ages it seems since we took to stripes? All these things are not of yesterday. The faithfulness of fashion is tedious. After many seasons velvet is still her only love. Some of us had hoped for a change, but it is not to be."



A pinch of salt taken before meals stimulates digestion. Nervous spasms are usually relieved by dissolving a little salt in the mouth.

Bathing in salt water tones up the skin and gives it a fresh, wholesome color.

Hot water is better than cold for bruises. It relieves pain quickly and will prevent discoloration.

One should be cautious about entering a sick room in a state of perspiration, as the moment you become cool your pores absorb.

Stewed rhubarb has a well-known medicinal value, besides being a complexion beautifier; it is said to be valuable for rheumatic troubles.

TURBANS OF PURPLE WITH BLACK WINGS STYLISH AND SMART.

Stiff little turbans in purple, with large black wings, are stylish, and are worn as frequently with suits of navy blue as with black. Indeed, the day of the suit hat seems past, and, while for economy's sake a somber-colored suit is chosen, and must last two seasons, the style in hats changes so radically that even the most hardened economist dares not try to carry over a hat from one year to the next.

Therefore, all one's light-heartedness can safely be expressed in frivolous headgear without one prick from a penny-saving conscience.

For those who have reached the toque age, which cannot be defined by years, there are some happy thoughts. They have not been overlooked, by the purple wave, and can find "just what they want" in velvet of this shade, trimmed with jet, or, still more charming, in purple pansies.

One such toque had the entire crown and band across the front, the right side and back covered with pansies set close together without foliage, and on the left side a dark purple velvet bow fastening in place a fancy goma in gray and purple.



Jeweled Comb for Evening Wear.

Three-Piece Suits.

Three piece suits all of one tone, but representing three materials, are frequent occurrences among handsome imported gowns. A rich costume seen recently has a brown satin skirt, a chiffon waist of the same material trimmed with the satin and finished with just a trace of sable at the throat, the cuffs and a coat of velvet, also of the same tone, trimmed with bands of sable. All the coats in such combination are half-fitting, to avoid crushing the bodices.

For Smart Women.

Blouses of linen and batiste, striped in blue, lilac, pink or yellow, with full jabot frills, embroidered and scalloped, are worn with linen turnover collars, either white linen embroidered in the contrasting color, or of the dark shade, embroidered in white. Fine linen turnover collars hold their place for general use with silk or linen shirt waists. These are especially prized if they have a little Irish lace introduced in their garnitures, and color contrasts are fetching.

An Attractive Color Combination.

The newest color scheme is a very dark mouse brown and a new royal blue. Some of the attractive shapes in hats, rolling up principally to one side, are of mouse velvet, trimmed with the new feathery arrangements of the same shade, and faced with velvet or satin in this shade of blue. Ribbon loops are not wired but droop in a graceful waterfall effect from the tip of the crown of the hat towards the brim in four or five layers.—Vogue

ALL USED WOODEN TRENCERS.

Substitutes for Crockery Ware Nearly Two Hundred Years Ago.

Our readers may like to be reminded of how comparatively late in our history the absence of cheap crockery kept the wooden trencher in use. In the eighteenth century, silver in the dining room and pewter below stairs were abundant for all dinner table use in large and wealthy households.

But that the number of metal plates and dishes was insufficient to meet the requirements of extraordinary occasions is seen in a description of a dinner given by Lord Malton to his tenants in 1733.

It was at Woodhouse that the feast takes place at which we hear that "tis an out of the way thing, the people are to dine upon wooden dishes; they cut down wood on purpose to make them of."

One of the company describes the affair in a letter to the Lord Stratford of the time, Lord Malton's neighbor at Wentworth castle.

"There was in the prayer hall six tables made of deals with benches, such as in the tents at Broughton fair. Att four of them there might be about 32 people, the other two something above half the number, the tables being less.

"Our dishes stood single, the table allowing no more; first dish, roast pork; 2nd, turkey; 3rd, venison pasty; 4th, cold beef; roast; 5th, fruit pudding; 6th, a goose; 7th, apple pie; 8th, a hog's head in sauce; so then the course began again, and kept in this form to every table.

"We ate upon trenchers and wooden dishes, and drank in horns; my lord did the same. The horns held near pints and the punch was made strong, and the common people drunk full horns just after dinner that 2 or 3 horns would make them drunk or sick."

It is noticeable that ale was drunk at my lord's table, but as he was reputed not to keep "any great stock of malt drink," punch was served at all other tables as being "the cheapest liquor to make treat of."

"A treat" meant taking too much, and this was so successfully accomplished that "there was one man found dead, supposed to be choked with punch."—Country Life.

Trees Planted by Insects.

The uses of worms in wood and field have been discovered by G. A. Andrews. It has long been known that squirrels laid the forester by burying nuts, of which some sprout and ultimately develop into trees, but that also he is indebted to earth worms for like services is knowledge new. It appears that the dry flat fruits of the silver maple are frequently used by worms to plug the apertures of their burrows in the fashion long since described by Darwin. In districts too dry for them to germinate under ordinary conditions a certain proportion of maple seeds thus drawn into their holes by the worms were found to sprout and grow into seedlings, and, although these ultimately perished under the influence of the late summer drought, Mr. Andrews thinks that under less unfavorable conditions a certain number would survive. He believes that by planting trees worms more than amend the damage with which they are credited through destroying seedlings in the gardens.

Exterminating Head Hunters.

All efforts to subdue the "head hunters" of Formosa having been unsuccessful, a campaign of extermination has been entered upon, and now when a company of head hunters is located the place is surrounded by a wire fence. The wires are charged with electricity. The soldiers begin to shoot; the savages stampede, and then the deadly wires get those that the bullets miss. There are about 100,000 of these head hunters infesting the eastern coast of the island, and all efforts to make them desirable citizens have failed. They recently lured a party of 300 Japanese and Chinese into an ambush and killed them all but three, for the mere pleasure of killing.

Talented German Empress.

Empress Augusta Victoria is a thoroughly womanly woman, but she is by no means the mere hausfrau that she is often supposed to be. In fact, she has decidedly artistic tastes and is a sculptor and painter of no mean ability. In her husband's study at Potsdam there is a lifelike bust of the emperor in bronze and several of her sons have been portrayed by her in marble. Her majesty is very fond of beautiful fans and she has some valuable specimens of them. Many were gifts from the emperor, and one was made of feathers of the grouse that fell to his gun. Some others, beautifully painted, bear the signatures of great artists.

Russian Woman Novelist.

The new Russian novelist who writes under the name of Ivan Stranik is in private life Mrs. Antichkov, her husband being a professor in the University of Kiev. She writes in French entirely, because, as she explains, she liked to say freely what she thought, a thing impossible up to this year in Russia. It was Mme. Antichkov who introduced Gorky to the west by translating a collection of his tales into French. Her own books, which number about half a dozen, are designed to give an idea of life in Russia among the upper middle class and of the Russians outside of Russia.

Statement of the Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas.

College Station, Texas, February 14, 1908.

TO THE PEOPLE OF TEXAS:

The Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas have refrained from giving out any statement in regard to the conditions existing at the A. and M. College until they had an opportunity to make a full and fair investigation. They now present this statement for the information and benefit of the public.

About ten days ago certain rumors of abuses and irregularities existing at the College were brought to the attention of certain members of the Board. These rumors were communicated to the President of the Board, who promptly called a meeting of the Board by wire. The Board convened at the College on Thursday the 6th inst. No formal charges were presented against anyone, but a petition signed by most of the students in the upper classes was presented, asking for the removal of the President; no reason for the request was assigned in the petition. The rumors which had been circulated by certain individuals were carefully, impartially, and fully investigated. Finding the rumors and current gossip to be entirely without foundation the Board passed the following resolution:

"Be it resolved by the Board of Directors of the A. and M. College that we express in heartiest terms our unqualified faith in the integrity, ability, and absolute fairness of President H. H. Harrington in the administration of the affairs of the College; and we further declare that in his efforts toward keeping the College at its present high degree of usefulness and building it up to even a higher degree of excellence we give him our unanimous endorsement and support. (Signed) K. K. Leggett, T. D. Rowell, John M. Green, W. P. Sebastian, Walton Peteet, L. L. McInnis, A. Haidusek, and R. T. Milner."

In order that the Board might not be confronted with similar conditions in the future, they also passed the following resolution and ordered that a copy be sent to each member of the Faculty and to other officers of the Institution.

"Complaints against the management of the administration of the A. and M. College as conducted by the Presidents and Heads of Departments, must in the future be submitted in writing with a statement of facts, to the President of the Board. Any other mode of making charges will be considered by the Board as distasteful and detrimental to the best interests of the Institution."

The Board then adjourned under the impression that the breach of harmony had been bridged and that the work of the Institution would continue uninterrupted for the remainder of the session. Following the departure of the Board on Friday, the 7th inst., the classes on Saturday, the 8th inst., refused to attend their recitations. The Board then reconvened by the request of the President of the College, and on arrival found a well organized strike existing in the student body. The organization had been so perfected and so skillfully managed by some controlling influence that the Faculty were powerless, and the members of the Board in their individual capacity were unable to break the firm determined stand of the students in their conspiracy against discipline and the continuance of College duties. The demand was made that either the President must resign or the boys would go home, and the sharp, clear cut issue was drawn as to whether we as the highest governing body of the Institution should control it or the students. There ought to be and could be but one answer to this question.

The Board met delegation after delegation of the Senior Class, giving them every assurance that their complaints would be carefully and patiently heard, but were unable to get them to give any sufficient reason for their demand that the President be removed. The Board then ordered the Faculty to be assembled and presented to them the following resolution:

"To the Faculty of the A. & M. College. Gentlemen: The Board of Directors having been advised that the Corps of Cadets is in a state of insurrection and have not attended classes since Saturday morning, and have furnished to the Board no sufficient reason or excuse for such action, we regard the situation as intolerable and one that must not be permitted to continue; we therefore direct the Faculty to proceed at once to firmly enforce the rules and regulations of the College and dismiss summarily all students who do not promptly return to their classes and submit to constituted authority."

The President of the Board further stated that he was directed by the Board to ask the Faculty individually at this time if there was a member not willing to do as requested, that he now so state to the Board at this Faculty meeting. The Faculty then passed a resolution with one dissenting voice, pledging the Board its co-operation in carrying out the resolution just read.

The students were advised of the action of the Board of Directors and of the Faculty, and given ample time to direct their committees to confer with the Faculty and with the Board of Directors. After a conference with both bodies, the students declined to resume work, but the Senior Class presented the following communication to the Board:

"The Senior Class asks through this committee that they be granted a fair hearing before the Board of Directors, in regard to the President.

To have the hearing we name the following conditions.

1. That we be allowed a committee of students to sit with the Board.
2. That we be represented by an attorney before the Board.
3. That we be allowed to submit evidence before the Board, both verbal and written.
4. That we be allowed to bring before the Board any witness that we may desire.
5. That our attorney be allowed to question all witnesses.
6. That every man who appears before the Board be fully protected.
7. That every member of the Board of Directors be present at the investigation."

The Board replied in writing to the Senior Class as follows:

"Replying to the foregoing communication the Board of Directors desire to say that we have always been and are now willing to receive and carefully consider any specific grievance that may be properly presented and signed by anybody with respect to the management of the College. Pending the receipt of a complaint the Board will make no other assurance than that the complaint will be thoroughly and fairly considered and full protection extended to complainants and witnesses.

"Pending the receipt and hearing of any complaint that any member of your class may desire to make, the Board requires that such complainant or complainants resume their proper relation as students. (Signed) K. K. Leggett, President Board of Directors."

In response to the foregoing communication a committee of the Senior Class, of which T. J. Beesley was chairman, waited upon the Board and advised them that the Senior Class would resume their duties tomorrow morning and would use their best endeavors to make the other classes do the same. Since that time the Senior Class have attended regular duties and have not therefore been subject to the order of suspension.

The succeeding morning the Faculty was called together by the President of the College and the following resolution was passed:

"That in view of the failure of the majority of the students to return to classes this morning, the student body be notified that any unexcused student who fails to report for the next regular duty after 1:00 p. m. today, is thereby indefinitely suspended in accordance with Section 3, Article 2, Chapter II, Rules and Regulations. ('For the following offenses a student shall be subject to dismissal. * * * Being active in promoting any combination to interrupt the exercises or to resist the authorities.')

Immediately following this resolution the Senior Class finally submitted the following charges against the President of the College, and the Senior Class resumed work, pending the investigation of their charges.

"To the Members of the Board of Directors of the A. & M. College: At the request of the Committee from the Senior Class, I present the following statement. I charge that I was dismissed from the A. & M. College in an irregular manner at the request of President Harrington. That the Secretary was sent out of the room when the Board took action; that no minute was made of this action; that no one communicated this information to me until about seven weeks after the action was taken (on the 5th of August), and that this delay was entirely inexcusable.

"I further charge that the above action was taken in face of the fact that there were abundant results to show that my work was very successful among the student body; and, also, in face of the fact that I was not only doing the work for which the College had employed me, but I was, also, doing without additional cost either to the College or to the student body, the work of General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., for which service other colleges are paying from \$1,000 to \$1,500 per annum.

"I further charge that President Harrington was guilty of duplicity at the Board meeting of March, 1906, at the Fort Worth session in regard to his action in the Pipe Organ matter. Respectfully submitted, Nathan Powell. February 12, 1908."

"Charges against President Harrington."

(Continued on last page.)

IT'S OUR TURN

... AND ...

YOUR OPPORTUNITY!

FOR ONE WEEK

MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, TO

SATURDAY NIGHT, FEBRUARY 22

... WE WILL ...

Substitute Cost Mark For Selling Price!

ON EVERY ARTICLE IN THE HOUSE

Except Shoes, and will give 10 per cent Reduction on all shoes.

NEW SPRING GOODS

In addition to our large fresh stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Staples, Furnishings, Notions, Hats, Rugs, Trunks, Etc., Etc., which we have on hand, we are receiving daily shipments of new Spring goods—White Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Hats, and innumerable seasonable values, all of which go in this sale.

IT'S NEVER DULL WITH US! IT'S GOING TO HUM NOW!

Sale will positively be limited to one week
NO TICKETS MADE DURING THIS SALE

Edge Dry Goods Co.
THE EDGE THAT CUTS PRICES

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THIRTEENTH YEAR

your Grocery account for February.

quality of the goods never get too high for us to handle.

NOTLESS FLOUR

ur that gives entire satisfaction to the most particular people. We are exclusive high grade Flour for this community. with your next order. Ask for it and **WE'LL TAKE ANY OTHER.**

Nur now ready for sale a complete line of the best and freshest Garden Seeds.

ED HALL

THE GROCER

PASSENGER TRAIN SCHEDULES.

H. & T. C. Schedule.
No. 3 North Bound..... 1:38 p. m.
No. 5 North Bound..... 12:46 a. m.
No. 2 South Bound..... 2:40 p. m.
No. 6 North Bound..... 2:48 a. m.
I. & G. N. Schedule.
No. 102 North Bound..... 11:55 a. m.
No. 101 South Bound..... 4:55 p. m.

END OF AN ACTIVE AND INTERESTING CAREER

Mr. Geo. Pletzer, Veteran Painter, Ex-Confederate and Traveler—Once the Victim of Shipwreck.

The subject of this short sketch, whose death was briefly mentioned in the Eagle yesterday, was born in Bremen, Germany, in the year 1823, and was confirmed in the Lutheran church before leaving his native country. He came to America at the age of 18, and remained for awhile in New York City, and later visited most of the states east of the Mississippi, also Cuba and Jamaica. Being a skillful painter, he had no difficulty in securing employment. On Feb. 12, 1861, he was married to Miss Mary La Salle, in Baton Rouge, La. He served in the Confederate army and was faithful as a soldier and won the esteem of his comrades.

Mr. and Mrs. Pletzer came to Texas from Baton Rouge in 1875, living for a short time in Houston and afterwards in Waco. But his disposition led him to visit many other towns, including Bryan, where he and his wife permanently located in 1872 and have resided on the same block for 34 years. Two children were born to them, both of whom died in early infancy. In 1874 they adopted Joe Goff, an orphan, who has ever been a true son and upon arriving at manhood married Mr. Pletzer's niece, who still survives and they reside in this city. He adapted Mr. Pletzer's name. The latter leaves three other nieces, Mrs. L. S. Ayres of College, Mrs. Christine Villaret of Houston and Mrs. Gertrude Ayres of Madison County. These with their families are the nearest relatives, except Mrs. Pletzer, who still remains at the old homestead.

Mr. Pletzer was a member of the A. O. U. W. and held a life insurance policy in that order for \$2,000. As already stated the deceased was a great traveler in his early years and he picked up much interesting information and met with many adventures. On one of his voyages his ship was wrecked among the Bahama Islands, and he, with others was in the water riding a spar for three days and two nights before being rescued. His varied information made him an interesting conversationalist among his intimate friends. He was genial and kind hearted and made friends wherever he went. He was a fine workman and his labors continued until within a short time before his death, his last work being enameled on show window.

The funeral will be held from the home this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A. O. U. W. NOTICE.
Members of the A. O. U. W. are requested to meet at the Lodge room this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to attend in a body the funeral of Mr. Pletzer at 3 o'clock.

Special Sale Men's Fine Trousers



JUST at the time when you need them to make your old suit finish out the winter, we offer you choice of our entire stock of high grade trousers at a big saving in price.

This sale includes all of our famous

Paragon and Crown makes

in sold blacks, stripes, checks and plaids, in fact every pair of trousers in the store is included in this sale, not a pair reserved.

All \$2.50 Trousers Reduced to **\$1.85**
All \$3.00 Trousers Reduced to **\$2.25**
All \$3.50 Trousers Reduced to **\$2.65**
All \$4.00 Trousers Reduced to **\$3.00**
All \$5.00 Trousers Reduced to **\$3.75**
All \$6.00 Trousers Reduced to **\$4.00**

See our show window for patterns and prices.

Parks & Waldrop
The Clothiers.

FLOODS RAGE.

North, East and South Streams Out of Their Banks.

Indianapolis, Feb. 15.—While northern and central Indiana were swept by snow and a wind storm Saturday, the southern part of the state was suffering from floods. Reports from Princeton, Vincennes, Evansville and other points express the fear of a still higher stage of water. Rivers are out of their banks, and in several counties bridges have been carried away, and buildings in lowlands are under water. A dispatch from Bloomington says the flood there is perhaps the greatest since 1888. The Monon railroad lost a bridge near Salem, and half a mile of track has been washed out. Toward noon the rain changed to snow. At Bedford bottom lands are overflowed. Rural mail routes have been abandoned.

SEVENTY-TWO INDICTED.

Represent All Classes of Labor Along New Orleans River Front.

New Orleans, Feb. 15.—Seventy-two men, representatives of all the classes of labor employed on the New Orleans river front, and who compose a union known as the Dock and Cotton council, were indicted by the United States grand jury on the charge of conspiring to restrain trade in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The indictments follow the refusal of the Dock and Cotton council to permit the coal wheelers' union to coal the steamer Habi which cleared here several days ago for Port Cortez. The agent of the Habi signed an agreement with the union, having his vessel coaled, and then placed the matter in the hands of the United States district attorney.

NOTICE, CAMP ROBERTSON.

The members of Camp J. B. Robertson, U. C. V., are hereby ordered to assemble at the home of departed Comrade George Pletzer this afternoon at 3 o'clock, to attend his funeral in a body.

Attest: W. E. Saunders, Commander
W. G. Mitchell, Adjutant.

Mrs. George Coale and Miss Rosa Williams arrived yesterday afternoon from Brenham to visit Mrs. Mabel Castles and Mrs. John Astin.

Mrs. Tom Hayes arrived from Houston yesterday and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Mendola. Mr. Hayes arrived a few days ago.

D. D. Dawson Jr. was able to be out yesterday after several days illness. B. A. Hughins and J. W. Massey of Kurten was in the city yesterday.

WHAT WE SELL

Dress Goods
Wash Goods
White Goods
Silks
Flannels
Dress Linen
Waist Linen
Table Damask
Linings
Outings
Chambray
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Ginghams
Calicoes
Domestics
Sheeting
Cheviots
Shirting
Crash
Skirts
Underwear
Hosiery
Gloves
Laces
Ribbons

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Goods that are dependable. We meet all competition. Bring your catalogue or price list.

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ON THE CORNER

EIGHTEEN YEARS INSURANCE EXPERIENCE

Is at the service of those placing their business with me. I also have the oldest agency in the city and represent a line of unsurpassed companies. I solicit your patronage for **FIRE, ACCIDENT, HEALTH, PLATE GLASS and BOILER INSURANCE.** Careful and prompt attention to all business entrusted.
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Office Phone 250 **J. F. MITCHELL**
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The Complete Drugstore
The Satisfactory Drugstore
The Convenient Drugstore
The Accommodating Drugstore
The Appreciative Drugstore

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Our Prescription Department

is fully and perfectly equipped with a most complete stock of drugs and chemicals. No one need ever fear that we will fill a prescription improperly because we happen to be "just out" of some ingredient required by your physician.

We appreciate your patronage

...E. J. Jenkins

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HARDER & BUCKHAULTS

Dealers in Grain, Hay, Feedstuff, Seeds

We are better prepared than ever to supply your wants for anything in our line and invite your patronage. We have on hand choice Alfalfa Hay, North Texas Hay, White Wolf Stock Food, Etc. One sack of our stock food will go as far as two sacks of bran, and it costs no more. Phone 251. **HARDER & BUCKHAULTS.**

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OPTOME

At Caldwell's Dry Store.

EXAMINATN FREE

Statement of the Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas.

(Continued from page 4)

"Without authority from the Board of Directors, President Harrington interfered with my duties as a Professor by inducing the Health Officer to establish over my house a "small pox quarantine" for a simple case of whooping cough.

"Without authority from the Faculty, he interfered with my son's duties as a cadet by similarly confining him to the premises.

"In violation of the same rights, he demanded the removal of my cook's children from the Campus, though they were carefully kept from contact with the case of whooping cough.

"And all this, not through any regard for the interests and welfare of the College, as was proved by his refusal to lay a similar quarantine when the same disease from any other source appeared in several families. (Signed) C. W. Hutson."

"I can state from my own knowledge that Dr. H. H. Harrington had his laundry done regularly at the College laundry from the time I came to take charge of the plant January 18, 1907, until November, 1907.) At this time he quit sending laundry. About four weeks ago he came to the foreman of the laundry and asked him to make out a bill of all his back laundry, which the laundryman could not do.

"Whether the bill has ever been paid or not I do not know. It did not go through my office. (Signed) A. J. Neff."

"College Station, Texas, February 10, 1908. On the 16th of October, 1907, while a large circus was showing at Hearne, I handed in a furlough that had the names of the following Seniors on it: A. J. Smith, C. M. Evans, C. E. Jones, R. W. Faust, W. G. North, V. Kelley.

"One purpose in going to this circus, which was stated in the furlough, was to study the different types of draft animals which were not available here at the College.

"We had the approval of the Head of the Animal Husbandry Department. Dr. Harrington's words when I handed it to him were 'I will consider it under no circumstances' and tossed it in the waste basket. (Signed) A. J. Smith."

"February 10, 1908. In answer to question: Curtis Carson was discharged by order of the President for reasons not known to me. I consider that his services were satisfactory. (Signed) W. W. Hvans, Farm Superintendent."

"The Committee charge that Dr. Harrington has caused a lack of harmony between the corps and the President, which is an impediment to the advancement of our College.

"We, the Committee, charge him with arbitrary action in dealing with cadets.

"We ask in behalf of the corps why we did not receive the maintenance due us for the seventeen remaining days of last session."

"The above charges were presented by a committee of five from the Senior Class. They were allowed to call witnesses and to conduct the examination. After a complete, careful, and patient hearing on the part of the Board the following report was made:

"College Station, Texas, February 12, 1908. To the Committee representing the Senior Class of the A. & M. College. Gentlemen:

"We have carefully considered the charges submitted by you against Dr. H. H. Harrington, President of the College, together with all evidence submitted in support thereof.

"You are respectfully advised that in our opinion the evidence offered wholly fails to show that the conduct of President Harrington is subject to any proper criticism, or that he otherwise gave a just cause of complaint, to any student or member of the Faculty.

"The evidence submitted does not show arbitrary action, but, on the contrary, it shows a commendable solicitude for the interest and welfare of the student body, and the highest regard for the welfare of the College.

"The action of the President in relation to matters of discipline complained of by the witnesses on the stand in our opinion was wise, and meets with our unqualified approval.

"We are strongly of the opinion that you young gentlemen have no just grounds to complain of the action of the President, and we earnestly urge you to reconsider your action and stand by the College and its constituted authorities.

"This opinion is concurred in by every member of the Board of Directors present. (Signed) K. K. Leggett, R. T. Milner, W. P. Sebastian, A. Haidusek, L. L. McInnis and T. D. Rowell."

"The three lower classes have never resumed their duties after going out Saturday.

"The President of the College has been authorized to adjust and pay any balance that may be due any student for maintenance for the session of 1906-07.

"The Board have found that the College at the beginning of this outbreak was never in better condition. Within the last two years the attendance has increased forty per cent. The material improvements which have been made, have greatly facilitated the work and efficiency of the institution. The services of the College to the people of the State is greater than ever before, and the knowledge of its usefulness has steadily and rapidly increased. Its popularity in the State and a recognition of its value by the people of the State is far greater than at any previous time in its history. The Board found in short, that the work of the College was progressing in a most satisfactory manner and that there was absolutely no reason why it should be interfered with or checked. (Signed) K. K. Leggett, T. D. Rowell, A. Haidusek, J. M. Green, Walton Peteet, R. T. Milner, W. P. Sebastian, and L. L. McInnis.

"Since this statement was completed, the following telegram has been ordered sent to the parent or guardian of each boy that has left the Institution.

"College Station, Texas, February 14, 1908. Work will be resumed at College Monday morning. Students will be reinstated on application and promise to conform to College regulations. We will invite your cooperation and continued patronage. Statement follows.

K. K. LEGGETT,
President of the Board of Directors of the A. and M. College."

MISS SHONTS A BRIDE.

Daughter of Panama Canal Chairman
Wife of a French Duke.

New York, Feb. 15.—At noon Saturday Miss Theodore Shonts, daughter of Theodore B. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit company and chairman of the Panama canal commission, was married at the Shonts home in this city to Duc de Chaulme. Because of the fact it came to be believed the marriage was the result of a genuine love match it attracted much attention. The duke comes from an old French family, and while not rich possesses a Paris home and chateau in the country in France, and is described as a young man of attractive personality. He is of the Roman Catholic faith and obtained a dispensation for the marriage.

The ceremony was performed by Mgr. Lavelle of St. Patrick's cathedral. Among the foreign guests, was the duke's sister, Duchess D'Uzes, and Prince de Galitzin, who acted as groomsmen. Only a small number of guests witnessed the ceremony. The young couple will spend their honeymoon in Florida.

Faces Murder Charge.

Montgomery, Feb. 15.—Sydney Jones, one of the negro soldiers of the Brownsville (Tex.) command, discharged by President Roosevelt, is charged with the murder of his paragon at Huntsville. He has just served a term in the mines for carrying a concealed pistol which he brought out of the army with him.

Banker Drowns Himself.

Jackson, Ga., Feb. 15.—The body of J. R. Carmichael, president of the First National bank here, was found in a mill pond near here. A note said that Carmichael killed himself because he felt that his mind was unbalanced. The affairs of the bank are reported to be unaffected.

Tobacco Buyer Warned.

Mayfield, Ky., Feb. 15.—Robert Bennett, a tobacco buyer, found a note at his door wrapped around a cartridge warning him not to buy tobacco.

Bank Clerk Suicides.

New York, Feb. 15.—Edson Vandewater, a bank clerk twenty-two years of age, and said to be a member of an old New York family, killed himself at the Raines hotel by taking poison. He had been despondent for weeks, as the result, it is said, of financial losses.

Chicago Man Is Accused of a Horrible Deed.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Michael Dewala, forty-one years of age, is under arrest charged with having caused the death of Joseph Devenick, the three year old son of John Devenick of 5348 Mackinaw avenue. The child died Saturday of scalds received Friday night. Dewala was a boarder in the Devenick home. According to police, Dewala, following a quarrel with Mrs. Devenick, took the child and holding him between his knees, deliberately poured boiling water from a tea-kettle over the boy's head and down his back.

BOY TERRIBLY TORTURED.

Following a Quarrel With the Little Fellow's Mother Child Alleged Held and Boiling Water Poured on Him by Michael Dewala.

DEMON'S AWFUL CRIME

Chicago Man Is Accused of a Horrible Deed.

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ANALYZED BY CLAY.

Georgia Senator Discusses the Aldrich Bill.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Senator Clay of Georgia analyzed the Aldrich bill and declared it was wrong and vicious and would give no relief to the south and west. He also contended that it simply enlarged the powers of the national banks and that congress was relinquishing the sovereign right to issue and circulate money which it ought never to do. The plan of the minority in the senate for the government to issue \$500,000,000 of treasury notes and to use them in paying the expenses of the government that they might find their way into all the channels of trade, was advocated by him. Mr. Clay said there are now in circulation \$350,000,000 of treasury notes.



SENATOR A. S. CLAY, GEORGIA.

not costing the government anything and performing all the functions of money, and that this amount could be easily increased to \$500,000,000 without in any way disturbing our finances, and could not probably result in a depreciated currency.

State bonds, city bonds and municipal bonds of the south and west, he continued, were now being held by eastern capitalists, and that the south and west could not secure any additional circulation by making these bonds a basis of circulation, as they had already been sold in the east. He declared that the class of railroad bonds mentioned in the Aldrich bill applied solely to the railroads in the east and the railroads in the south and west had never laid dividends as provided in the Aldrich bill. The bill he said, was drawn in favor of the rich and powerful. He declared he stood by the doctrine once advocated by John C. Calhoun, Thomas Benton and Andrew Jackson, that our money ought to be gold and silver or paper issued by the government. He ridiculed the idea that additional treasury notes would depreciate because we did not have the gold to redeem them.

ONLY FULL AMOUNT.

County Officials Are Advised to Accept Not a Cent Less.

Austin, Feb. 15.—The attorney general's department has advised county officials in every county in the state where the intangible asset law is being assailed by the Katy railway, not to effect any kind of a settlement or compromise in case now pending and not to accept anything but full amount of taxes due under the law.

District Judge Wilcox at Georgetown, in the so-called friendly suit of the state against County Attorney Brady, to determine whether or not fees under the anti-trust act of 1890 were repeated by the act of 1903, decided in favor of Brady. Judge Wilcox held that prosecuting officers are entitled to fees both under the acts of 1890 and 1903. This suit was brought by District Attorney Hamilton to determine the question as to whether County Attorney Brady was entitled to fees in the Waters-Pierce Oil company litigation, which amounts to several hundred thousand dollars.

In answer to an inquiry from Secretary of State Davis, the attorney general held that at least a majority of directors of any co-operation seeking to increase its capital stock must sign application for such increase. The state department has had to turn down a number of applications for increase because the applications were not signed by a majority of the directors.

"GROUNDED" CABLE.

For Some Time It Tied Up Considerable Street Car Traffic.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—A "grounded" cable tide up all the trains on the Metropolitan Elevated railroad east of Marshfield avenue and some trains west for nearly two hours. Passengers were held prisoners in the cars for an hour and a half or more between stations.

Finally the trouble was found at a point between the powerhouse on Marshfield avenue and the damage was repaired in a few minutes. A screw that fastened one side of the strap insulator holding the cable in position caused all the trouble. This screw had worked loose, permitting water to enter and forming a short circuit.

Jury Could Not Agree.

McKinney, Tex., Feb. 15.—The jury in the case of E. B. Akins, charged with the murder of Palo Chaney near the Grayson county line last May, was discharged after being out forty-eight hours. It stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal.

Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Little Rock, Feb. 15.—F. B. Yates, former superintendent of the deaf mute institution, is dead of pneumonia.

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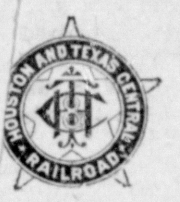
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Stomach trouble is but a symptom of, and in itself a true disease. We think of Dyspepsia, Heartburn, and indigestion as real diseases, they are symptoms only of a certain special nerve sickness—nothing else. It was this fact that first correctly led Dr. Shoop in the creation of that now very popular Stomach Remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Going directly to the stomach nerves, alone brought that sure and favor to Dr. Shoop and his Restorative. We out that original and highly vital principle such lasting accomplishments were ever to be had. For stomach distress, bloating, biliousness, flatulence and all other complications, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—and see for yourself what it can and will do. We sell and fully recommend

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S. H. FRANKLIN

All the Gold IN GEORGIA Could not Buy-

Roding, Ga. August 27, 1906.
Messrs. E. G. DeWitt & Co.,
Chicago, Ills.

Gentlemen:—
In 1897 I had a disease of the stomach and bowels. Some physicians told me it was Dyspepsia, some Consumption of the Lungs, others said consumption of the bowels. I would not live until Spring, and for four long years I existed on a little boiled milk, soda biscuits, doctors' prescriptions and Dyspepsia remedies that flooded the market. I could not digest anything I ate, and in the Spring 1899 I picked up one of your Almanacs as a poor emaciated man. I bought a fifty-cent bottle of KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE, and the benefit I received from that bottle ALL THE GOLD IN GEORGIA COULD NOT BUY. I kept on taking it and in two months I went back to my work as a machinist, and in three months I was well and hearty. I still use it occasionally as I find it a fine blood purifier and a good tonic.
May you live long and prosper.
Yours very truly,
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